Nausea and Vomiting
(sick to your stomach/throwing up)

Nausea (feeling like you are going to throw up) and vomiting (throwing up) may be caused by:

- cancer
- cancer treatments such as:
  - chemotherapy
  - radiation to some areas of the body
- medications
- food smells, perfumes and other odors.

Preventing nausea is important. It is more difficult to stop it once it starts. Taking your medications as prescribed is very important. If you can not afford to buy these medications talk to your nurse.

Tips to help with nausea:

- Choose cold or room temperature foods. They may be easier to eat since they don’t smell as much as hot foods.
- Limit your intake of fried, spicy or very sweet foods.
- Stay away from the kitchen when food is being prepared. Ask your friends and family to help with food preparation.

Nedwamacihowin ekwa Paahpaakomowin

Nedwamacihowin (paakomoomachowin) ekwa paakomowin (paahpaakomowin) amihwe naanta kaa-oci-inamachihoyan:

- kihci-aahkosiwin e-naaskakoyan
- kihci-aahkosiwinik natawicikewinik ihimaa oci:
  - kihci-aahkosiwinik mashkhih kaa-aapatak
  - cahkaasikewinik paahpakii paahpahkaan miyawik
- mashkhihiikewinan
- miiciman kaa-ishimaakwahkin, minaakohonan kaye kotakiyan kekoonan kaa-ishimaakwahkin.


Ke-wiichihkoyinan Netwamacihoyan:

- Ikaawin osaam mishtahi miicinan sahasekipwaa manikan, shiiwaniikan kaye shiiwaakin miiciman.
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- Drink through a straw to reduce the smell of your drink.
- Sip on fluids throughout the day to prevent dehydration. This is very important if you are vomiting.
- Eat smaller amounts more often. You may feel more nauseated when your stomach is empty.
- Eat dry starchy foods such as crackers, plain rice, toast and pretzels.
- Sip ginger tea or ginger ale.
- Avoid lying down for 30 to 60 minutes after eating.
- Get some fresh air. An open window or a fan will help move the air and remove odors.

### Managing Nausea

Your doctor may prescribe one or more medications to control nausea. Here are a couple of things to remember:

- Some of the medications are used to prevent nausea. Others are used to treat nausea once you have it.
- It is important to use the medications prescribed for you.

### Nedwamacihowin ekwa Paahpaakomowin

- Wikwacikan aapacihtoon kekoon minikweyan ekaa ciminaataman.
- Paahpakii wiihsinin sakonak. Awashime ka-wii-paakomoowamaci kiishpin ekaa sakonak wiihsiyan.
- Miicinan kaa-pahtekin miiciman, pishktesak, manoominak ekwa kaapisikanan.
- Minihkwen ginger tii kaa-ishinihkaatek kaye shiiwaaboo ginger ale kaa-ishinihkaatek.
- Ikaawin pimishinin 30-60 tipahikanens ahpoo kaa-ishkwaa-wiihsiyan.
- Tahkaashimooniin. Paahkitenan waahsecikan naanta takinooeweyasicapikapakahoo ci-wepaahsicikeyan.

### Ke-ishi-pamihtooyan Nedwamachihowin

Mashkihkiiwinini ka-miinik peshik mashkihkiiwi naanta awashime ke-apaacihtooyan wii-paakomoomachihwain. Oneniwan aatiht ci-kanoohketamani:

- Kihciientaakwan ci-aapacihtooyan mashkihkii kaa-miinikoooyan.
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Call your nurse or doctor if you:

- feel your nausea medication is not working. The amount or type of medication may need to be changed.
- are unable to keep down fluids.
- have diarrhea or cramping with your nausea.
- are not sure how or when to take your medication. You could also call a CancerCare Manitoba pharmacist at 787-1902.

Kanoos mashkikhiiwiwkhwe naanta mashkikhiiwinini kiishpin:

- ekaa kaakii-inishkaman nipiiwiyahiin.
- kaa-kishiwashkateyan naanta kaa-waa-oci-piikoshkaayan.