Nausea and Vomiting
(sick to your stomach/throwing up)

Nausea (feeling like you are going to throw up) and vomiting (throwing up) may be caused by:

- cancer
- cancer treatments such as:
  - chemotherapy
  - radiation to some areas of the body
- medications
- food smells, perfumes and other odors.

Preventing nausea is important. It is more difficult to stop it once it starts. Taking your medications as prescribed is very important. If you can not afford to buy these medications talk to your nurse.

Tips to help with nausea:

- Choose cold or room temperature foods. They may be easier to eat since they don’t smell as much as hot foods.
- Limit your intake of fried, spicy or very sweet foods.
- Stay away from the kitchen when food is being prepared. Ask your friends and family to help with food preparation.
- Drink through a straw to reduce the smell of your drink.
- Sip on fluids throughout the day to prevent dehydration. This is very important if you are vomiting.

Hindi

उबकाई आना तथा वमन करना (अच्छा पेट/उल्टी आना)

उबकाई (एगा लगाना कि आपकी उल्टी आवागमन) तथा वमन (उल्टी करना) होना निम्न कारणों से हो सकता है:

- कैंसर
- कैंसर औपचारिक
  - राजनेता चिकित्सा
  - रक्तदान चिकित्सा
- औषधियों
- भोजन की गन्ध, आंतरिक अन्य गन्धों।

उबकाई को होने से पहले रोकना आवश्यक है। यदि वह शुरू हो जाये तो इसे रोकना अधिक कठिन होता है। अपनी औषधियों निर्धारण समय और मात्रा अनुसार लेना अति आवश्यक है। यदि आप ये औषधियों जुटाने में असमर्थ हैं तो अपने नर्स की सहायता।

उबकाई के लिए सहायता सुझाव:

- कहानियाँ बालो या ठंडे रात्रि चुरे। इन्हें ज्यादा मतलब हो सकता है क्योंकि वे गर्म खाने से कम महसूल हैं।
- तले हुये, मलबगाय, या अन्य अवस्थाओं में खाने का संमान सीमित रखें।
- भोजन पकाने समय रियरीजर्स से दूर रहें। अपने पित्तों और विषय से भोजन पकाने में सहायता ले।
- पेय की गन्ध कम करने के लिए पेय पीने की नली की प्रथम करें।
- पानी की कस्तों को रोकने के लिए तिल्याओं की चुकाई लेते रहें। यह अति आवश्यक है यदि आपकी उल्टी हो रही है।

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Eat smaller amounts more often. You may feel more nauseated when your stomach is empty.
- Eat dry starchy foods such as crackers, plain rice, toast and pretzels.
- Sip ginger tea or ginger ale.
- Avoid lying down for 30 to 60 minutes after eating.
- Get some fresh air. An open window or a fan will help move the air and remove odors.

Managing Nausea
Your doctor may prescribe one or more medications to control nausea. Here are a couple of things to remember:
- Some of the medications are used to prevent nausea. Others are used to treat nausea once you have it.
- It is important to use the medications prescribed for you.

Call your nurse or doctor if you:
- feel your nausea medication is not working. The amount or type of medication may need to be changed.
- are unable to keep down fluids.
- have diarrhea or cramping with your nausea.
- are not sure how or when to take your medication. You could also call a CancerCare Manitoba pharmacist at 787-1902.

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