ADULT Updated: April 23, 2024

## Regimen Reference Order – LYMP – glofitamab

ARIA: LYMP - [glofitamab]

Planned Course: Cycle 1: oBINutuzumab (Days 1 and 2) and glofitamab (Days 8 and 15)

Cycle 2 and Onwards: glofitamab up to a maximum of 12 cycles

(1 cycle = 21 days)

Note: First dose of glofitamab is administered in hospital

Indication for Use: Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma

**Drug Alert: T-Cell Engager** 

CVAD: At Provider's Discretion

#### **Proceed with treatment if:**

ANC equal to or greater than 0.5 x  $10^9/L$  AND Platelets equal to or greater than 50 x  $10^9/L$ 

Contact Hematologist if parameters not met

**Note:** Hepatitis B serology results must be reviewed in accordance with CCMB Policy Hepatitis B Monitoring for Oncology and Hematology Patients

#### **SEQUENCE OF MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION**

### **Pre-treatment Requirements** Dose **CCMB Administration Guideline** Drug Hydration for first three doses of glofitamab (Cycle 1, Day 8 (Step-up Dose 1), Cycle 1, Day 15 (Step-up Dose 2), and Cycle 2, Day 1 (first full dose)) unless directed differently by clinic): Day prior to glofitamab infusion: Ensure patient drinks 2 litres of fluids per day Day of glofitamab infusion: Ensure patient drinks 1.5 litres of fluids per day in addition to IV hydration given in treatment room Day after glofitamab infusion: Ensure patient is booked for 1 L IV hydration in treatment room and ensure patient drinks an additional 1 litre of fluids per day allopurinol 300 mg Orally once daily for 30 days to begin 3 days prior to Cycle 1 and at provider's discretion for subsequent cycles (Self-administered at home) Only patients at risk of tumor lysis syndrome will be prescribed allopurinol

Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
20 mg	Orally <b>1 hour</b> prior to oBINutuzumab
650 mg	Orally <b>1 hour</b> prior to oBINutuzumab
20 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes <u>1 hour</u> prior to oBINutuzumab *Nursing Alert: oBINutuzumab starts at least 1 hour after completion of dexamethasone infusion
after completion of	IV pre-medication(s) before starting oBINutuzumab
100 mg	IV in normal saline 100 mL following administration rates below:  • 0 to 60 minutes – 6 mL/hour  • 60 to 120 minutes – 12 mL/hour  • 120 minutes onwards – 24 mL/hour  *Alert: Pharmacy to ensure final volume in bag = 100 mL (1 mg/mL final concentration)  *Nursing Alert: IV tubing is primed with oBINutuzumab
20 mg	Orally <b>1 hour</b> prior to oBINutuzumab
650 mg	Orally <b>1 hour</b> prior to oBINutuzumab
20 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes <u>1 hour</u> prior to oBINutuzumab  *Nursing Alert: oBINutuzumab starts <b>1 hour after completion</b> of dexamethasone infusion
after completion of	IV pre-medication(s) before administering oBINutuzumab
900 mg	IV in normal saline following administration rates below:  • 0 to 30 minutes – 14 mL/hour  • 30 to 60 minutes – 28 mL/hour  • 60 to 90 minutes – 42 mL/hour  • 90 to 120 minutes – 56 mL/hour  • 120 to 150 minutes – 69 mL/hour  • 150 to 180 minutes – 83 mL/hour  • 180 to 210 minutes – 97 mL/hour  • 210 to 240 minutes – 111 mL/hour  *Alert: Pharmacy to ensure final volume in bag = 250 mL (3.6 mg/mL fina concentration)  *Nursing Alert: IV tubing is primed with oBINutuzumab
Step-up Dose 1)- II	npatient administration. Follow inpatient orders
	20 mg 650 mg 20 mg after completion of 100 mg 20 mg 650 mg 20 mg 900 mg



acetaminophen	975 mg	Orally <b>1 hour</b> prior to glofitamab	
dexamethasone	20 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes <b>1 hour</b> prior to glofitamab  *Nursing Alert: glofitamab starts at least <b>1 hour after completion</b> of dexamethasone infusion	
normal saline	500 mL	IV over 1 hour (Pre hydration)	
glofitamab	2.5 mg	2.5 mg IV in normal saline over 4 hours  *Alert: Pharmacy to ensure final volume in bag = 25 mL	
Day 9- Inpatient ad	lministration. Fo	llow inpatient orders	
normal saline	aline  1000 mL  IV over 2 hours  *Nursing Alert: Vital signs and immune effector encephalopathy needs to be done prior to hydration. Prescriber must be contacted vital sign values and ICE score		
Day 15 (glofitamab	Step-up Dose 2)		
cetirizine	20 mg	Orally <b>1 hour</b> prior to glofitamab	
acetaminophen	975 mg	Orally <b>1 hour</b> prior to glofitamab	
dexamethasone	20 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes <u>1 hour</u> prior to glofitamab *Nursing Alert: glofitamab starts at least <b>1 hour after completion</b> of dexamethasone infusion	
normal saline	500 mL	IV over 1 hour (Pre hydration)	
glofitamab	10 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 4 hours	
Day 16			
normal saline	1000 mL	IV over 2 hours  *Nursing Alert: Vital signs and immune effector encephalopathy (ICE) scorneeds to be done prior to hydration. Prescriber must be contacted with vital sign values and ICE score	
Cycle 2			
Day 1 (first full dos	e of glofitamab)		
cetirizine	20 mg	Orally <u>1 hour</u> prior to glofitamab	
acetaminophen	975 mg	Orally <u>1 hour</u> prior to glofitamab	
dexamethasone	20 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes <u>1 hour</u> prior to glofitamab *Nursing Alert: glofitamab starts at least <b>1 hour after completion</b> of dexamethasone infusion	
normal saline	500 mL	IV over 1 hour (Pre hydration)	
glofitamab	30 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 4 hours	
Day 2			
normal saline	1000 mL	IV over 2 hours  *Nursing Alert: Vital signs and immune effector encephalopathy (ICE) scorneeds to be done prior to hydration. Prescriber must be contacted with vital sign values and ICE score	



Cycle 3				
Day 1				
cetirizine	20 mg	Orally 1 hour prior to glofitamab		
acetaminophen	975 mg	Orally 1 hour prior to glofitamab		
dexamethasone	20 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes <u>1 hour</u> prior to glofitamab  *Nursing Alert: glofitamab starts <b>1 hour after completion</b> of dexamethasone infusion		
normal saline	500 mL	IV over 1 hour (Pre hydration)		
glofitamab	30 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 2 hours		

#### Cycles 4 to 12

For cycles 4 and onwards, pre-medication with intravenous dexamethasone is required for patients who:

- Repeat doses within the step-up dosing schedule following a dose delay AND/OR
- Experience CRS following the prior dose of glofitamab

ARIA order for dexamethasone will be discontinued for patients who do not require premedication. Administer premedication if agents not discontinued by treating physician

Day 1				
cetirizine	20 mg	Orally 30 minutes prior to glofitamab		
acetaminophen	975 mg	Orally 30 minutes prior to glofitamab		
dexamethasone	20 mg	dexamethasone only to be givenat <b>physician's discretion</b> IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes <u>1 hour</u> prior to glofitamab  *Nursing Alert: glofitamab starts <b>1 hour after completion</b> of dexamethasone infusion		
glofitamab	30 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 2 hours		

<sup>\*</sup>The dose of glofitmab may be delayed as per the Lymphoma DSG or Leukemia/BMT (L/BMT) Physician's discretion (usual criteria for dose delay: ANC less than  $0.5 \times 10^9$ /L; platelets less than  $50 \times 10^9$ /L or if patient is bleeding, signs or symptoms of infection, signs or symptoms of cytokine release syndrome (CRS) or immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity (ICANS) or other adverse reactions that are Grade 3 or higher).

Following pre-treatment with oBINutuzumab, if glofitamab 2.5 mg dose is delayed by more than 1 week, then repeat pre-treatment with oBINutuzumab

Following glofitamab 2.5 mg or 10 mg dose, if there is a glofitamab treatment-free interval of 2 weeks to 6 weeks, then repeat the last tolerated glofitamab dose and resume the planned step-up dosing.

Following glofitamab 2.5 mg or 10 mg dose, if there is a glofitamab treatment-free interval of more than 6 weeks, then repeat pre-treatment with oBINutuzumab and glofitamab step-up dosing.

Following glofitamab 30 mg dose, if there is a glofitamab treatment-free interval of more than 6 weeks between cycles, then repeat pre-treatment with oBINutuzumab and glofitamab step-up dosing and then resume the planned treatment cycle (30 mg dose)

Any non-hematologic toxicity other than CRS or ICAN must resolve to equal to or less than grade 1 or baseline with no evidence of active bacterial, viral, or fungal infection before proceeding to the next dose. CRS and ICANS must fully resolve before proceeding to the next dose.

(See APPENDIX A – Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS) and Immune Effector Cell-Associated Neurotoxicity Syndrome (ICANS) monitoring and management)



In the event of an infusion-related hypersensitivity reaction, refer to the 'Hypersensitivity Reaction Standing Order'

#### REQUIRED MONITORING

#### Hepatitis B serology

Hepatitis B surface antigen and Hepatitis B core antibody (drawn within preceding 5 years)

Day of glofitamab and for two days after first three doses (Cycle 1, Days 8 to 10 and Cycle 2, Days 1 to 3)

Patient to self-monitor body temperature with thermometer, four times a day

#### Throughout therapy

- Monitor for signs and symptoms of cytokine release syndrome (CRS). Serious adverse events that may be associated
  with CRS include: pyrexia, headache, nausea, asthenia, hypotension, and elevations in serum aminotransferases and
  bilirubin
- Monitor for signs and symptoms of neurotoxicity. Symptoms may include: trembling, disturbance or loss of
  movement of parts of the body, speech or coordination disorders, apraxia, dizziness, confusion, disorientation,
  reversible seizures, encephalopathy, somnolence and agitation

#### Cycle 1

#### Days 1, 8, 15

- CBC, serum creatinine, urea, electrolytes, liver enzymes, total bilirubin, albumin, glucose, LDH, uric acid, as per Physician Orders
- CRP and ferritin as per Physician Orders
- Full vital signs (temperature, heart rate, respiratory rate, blood pressure and O<sub>2</sub> saturation) at baseline and as clinically indicated
- Days 1 and 2: No observation period is required after oBINutuzumab administration. Patient can be discharged from treatment room if stable whether they had a reaction or not

#### Cycle 2

- CBC, serum creatinine, urea, electrolytes, liver enzymes, total bilirubin, albumin, glucose, LDH and uric acid as per Physician Orders
- CRP and ferritin as per Physician Orders

#### Cycles 3 to 12

• CBC, serum creatinine, urea, electrolytes, liver enzymes, total bilirubin, albumin, glucose, LDH and uric acid as per Physician Orders

Recommended Support Medications					
Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline			
valACYclovir	500 mg	Orally once daily			
sulfamethoxazole- trimethoprim	800/160 mg	Orally once daily on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays			



### **DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS**

 Patients should be instructed to contact their cancer team immediately if symptoms of hypersensitivity reactions occur after discharge

- Advise patient to immediately report any symptoms of cytokine release syndrome (CRS) or immune effector cellassociated neurotoxicity (ICANS)
- Patient needs to report any temperature over 38 degrees Celsius to clinic team (adult hematology consult service for HSC or St. Boniface on call for evenings, weekends and holidays)
- Patient should be instructed to notify about any signs or symptoms of infection or unusual bruising or bleeding
- Remind patient to take recommended support medications at home
- valACYclovir and sulfamethoxazole-trimethoprim continue for 3 months after last dose of glofitamab is administered
- For cycles 1 and 2: Patient must remain located no greater than 1 hour from CancerCare Manitoba MacCharles site for 72 hours after glofitamab doses on cycle 1, Days 8 and 15 and cycle 2, Day 1

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

- glofitamab has been associated with Tumour Lysis Syndrome (TLS)
- · glofitamab can cause tumor flare
- T-Cell Engagers can cause CRS and ICANS
- glofitamab treatment requires a dose of oBINutuzumab to be administered prior to the first glofitamab infusion as lymphodepletion to reduce risk of cytokine release syndrome (CRS)
- Due to the risk of reactivation of Hepatitis B virus (HBV) while on this treatment regimen, prescriber must adhere to CCMB Policy *Hepatitis B Monitoring for Oncology and Hematology Patients* for ordering and interpreting HBV serology and prescribing antiviral prophylaxis
- · Administering nurse must document any infusion-related reactions with any dose of oBINutuzumab or glofitamab
- For cycle 1, Days 1 and 2, oBINutuzumab administration is 6 to 8 hours on average. Treatment should be booked for earliest morning appointment
- Administration site restrictions are in place for glofitamab. glofitamab must be administered at CCMB MacCharles or CCMB Tache in Winnipeg



<u>Appendix "A" (adapted from SOP CLI030): Cytokine release syndrome (CRS) and Immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome (ICANS) monitoring and management</u>

## **ICANS Monitoring**

## Immune Effector Cell Encephalopathy (ICE) Scoring (Routinely performed twice daily)

- Orientation: Orientation to year, month, city, hospital: 4
  points
- Naming: Ability to name 3 objects (e.g., point to clock, pen, button): 3 points
- Following commands: Ability to follow simple commands (e.g., "show me 2 fingers"): 1 point
- Writing: Ability to write a standard sentence (e.g., "The sky is blue"): 1 point
- Attention: Ability to count backwards from 100 by 10: 1
  point





# **ICANS Management**

Grade

- · Awakens Spontaneously
- ICE score 7-9
- Fatigue

- 1. Supportive Care/ IV hydration
- 2. Neurology Consult
- 3. EEG, MRI and LP
- 4. Keppra 750mg BID
- 5. Dexamethasone 10mg x1

Grade

2

- · Awakens to Voice
- Delirious/Somnolent
- ICE score 3-6

Grade 1 care PLUS

- 1. Consider ICU consultation
- 2. Dexamethasone 10mg q12 hour

Grade

3

· Awakens to tactile stimulus

- ICE score 0-2
- · Local edema on brain imaging
- · Seizure that resolves with intervention.

Grade 2 care PLUS

- 1. ICU transfer
- 2. Dexamethasone 10mg q6 hour
- 3. Repeat MRI brain/EEG

Grade

4

- Comatose
- ICE score 0
- Cerebral edema
- Motor weakness
- · Seizure lasting >5 minutes

## Grade 3 care PLUS

- Neurointensive care management for increase ICP and status epilepticus
- 2. Dexamethasone 20mg IV q6 hour or Methylprednisone 1g/day

