

# Regimen Reference Order – GYNE – bevacizumab + PACLitaxel

ARIA: GYNE – [bevacizumab + weekly PACLitaxel]

Planned Course: Every 28 days until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity

Indication for Use: Ovarian Cancer Platinum-Resistant

CVAD: Preferred

**Proceed with treatment if:**

**Cycle 1**

**Prior to Day 1:**

**ANC equal to or greater than  $1.5 \times 10^9/L$  AND Platelets equal to or greater than  $100 \times 10^9/L$**

**Prior to Days 8, 15 and 22:**

**ANC equal to or greater than  $1.2 \times 10^9/L$  AND Platelets equal to or greater than  $75 \times 10^9/L$**

**Cycle 2 and onwards**

**Prior to Days 1, 8, 15 and 22:**

**ANC equal to or greater than  $1.2 \times 10^9/L$  AND Platelets equal to or greater than  $75 \times 10^9/L$**

❖ Contact Physician if parameters not met

## SEQUENCE OF MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION

### Pre-treatment Requirements

Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
Not Applicable		

### Treatment Regimen – GYNE – bevacizumab + PACLitaxel

Establish primary solution 500 mL of: normal saline

Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
<b>Days 1 and 15</b>		
bevacizumab	10 mg/kg	IV in normal saline 100 mL <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dose 1 to be infused over 90 minutes</li> <li>• Dose 2 to be infused over 60 minutes (if first dose well tolerated)</li> <li>• Dose 3 and subsequent to be infused over 30 minutes (if second dose well tolerated)</li> </ul>
metoclopramide	20 mg	Orally 30 minutes prior to PACLitaxel
dexamethasone	20 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes To be given 30 minutes prior to PACLitaxel
diphenhydrAMINE	50 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes To be given 30 minutes prior to PACLitaxel
raNITidine	50 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes To be given 30 minutes prior to PACLitaxel

PACLitaxel	80mg/m <sup>2</sup>	IV in normal saline 250 mL over 1 hour Use non-DEHP bags and non-DEHP administration sets with 0.22 micron in-line filter Concentration dependent drug: Pharmacy will adjust diluent volume to ensure drug stability  <b>*Nursing Alert:</b> Pump programming should reflect actual volume in the bag
<b>Days 8 and 22</b>		
metoclopramide	20 mg	Orally 30 minutes prior to PACLitaxel
dexamethasone	20 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes To be given 30 minutes prior to PACLitaxel
diphenhydramine	50 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes To be given 30 minutes prior to PACLitaxel
ranitidine	50 mg	IV in normal saline 50 mL over 15 minutes To be given 30 minutes prior to PACLitaxel
PACLitaxel	80mg/m <sup>2</sup>	IV in normal saline 250 mL over 1 hour Use non-DEHP bags and non-DEHP administration sets with 0.22 micron in-line filter Concentration dependent drug: Pharmacy will adjust diluent volume to ensure drug stability  <b>*Nursing Alert:</b> Pump programming should reflect actual volume in the bag
All doses will be automatically rounded that fall within the DSG Approved Dose Bands. See GYNE DSG – Dose Banding document for more information		

Flush after each medication:

- 50 mL over 6 minutes (500 mL/hr)

In the event of an infusion-related hypersensitivity reaction, refer to the 'Hypersensitivity Reaction Standing Order'

## REQUIRED MONITORING

Day 1 and 15

- CBC, biochemistry, liver function tests, urine protein and blood pressure prior to Days 1 and 15 and as per physician order
  - Urinalysis for protein: Where urinalysis is not possible, use dipstick. If lab urinalysis for protein is greater than or equal to 1 g/L or dipstick proteinuria shows 2+ or 3+, notify prescriber
- Full vital signs (temperature, heart rate, respiration, blood pressure and O<sub>2</sub> saturation) at baseline and as clinically indicated

Days 8 and 22

- CBC
- Full vital signs at baseline and as clinically indicated

## Recommended Support Medications

Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
metoclopramide	10 – 20 mg	Orally every 4 – 6 hours as needed for nausea and vomiting

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## DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

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- Instruct patient to continue taking anti-emetic(s) at home
  - Reinforce applicable safe handling precautions of medications, blood and body fluids for 48 hours after completion of chemotherapy
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## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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- bevacizumab causes increased risk of hypertension, post-operative bleeding, wound healing complications and thromboembolic events