Regimen Reference Order – GYNE – pegylated liposomal doxorubicin

ARIA: GYNE – [doxorubicin (peg-liposomal)]

Planned Course:Every 28 days until disease progression or unacceptable toxicityIndication for Use:Ovarian Cancer Recurrent

CVAD: At Provider's Discretion

Proceed with treatment if: Cycle 1 • ANC equal to or greater than 1.5 x 10⁹/L AND Platelets equal to or greater than 100 x 10⁹/L Cycle 2 and Onwards • • ANC equal to or greater than 1.2 x 10⁹/L AND Platelets equal to or greater than 75 x 10⁹/L • Contact Physician if parameters not met • Note: Hepatitis B serology results must be reviewed in accordance with CCMB Policy Hepatitis B Monitoring for Oncology and Hematology Patients •

SEQUENCE OF MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION

Pre-treatment Requirements			
Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline	
	Ν	lot Applicable	

Establish primary solution 500 mL of: D5W				
Drug	Dose CCMB Administration Guideline			
dexamethasone	8 mg	Orally 30 minutes pre-chemotherapy		
doxorubicin, peg-liposomal (pegylated liposomal doxorubicin)	40 mg/m ²	Dose less than 90 mg: IV in D5W 250 mL	First Dose: Over 90 minutes (Maximum rate 1 mg/minute) Subsequent Doses (if no reaction): Over 1 hour	
		Dose greater than or equal to 90 mg: IV in D5W 500 mL	First Dose: Over 2 hours (Maximum rate 1 mg/minute) Subsequent Doses (if no reaction): Over 1 hour	

In the event of an infusion-related hypersensitivity reaction, refer to the 'Hypersensitivity Reaction Standing Order'



REQUIRED MONITORING

Hepatitis B serology

• Hepatitis B surface antigen and Hepatitis B core antibody (drawn within preceding 5 years)

All Cycles

- CBC, serum creatinine, urea, electrolytes and liver enzymes as per Physician Orders
- Full vital signs (temperature, heart rate, respiratory rate, blood pressure and O₂ saturation) at baseline and as clinically indicated
- No observation period is required. Patient can be discharged from treatment room if stable whether they had a reaction or not

Recommended Support Medications

Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
metoclopramide	10 – 20 mg	Orally every 4 hours as needed for nausea and vomiting

DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

- Patients should be instructed to contact their cancer team immediately if symptoms of hypersensitivity reactions occur after discharge
- Instruct patient to continue taking anti-emetic(s) at home
- Reinforce applicable safe handling precautions of medications, blood and body fluids for 48 hours after completion of chemotherapy

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

• Due to the risk of reactivation of Hepatitis B virus (HBV) while on this treatment regimen, prescriber must adhere to CCMB Policy *Hepatitis B Monitoring for Oncology and Hematology Patients* for ordering and interpreting HBV serology and prescribing antiviral prophylaxis

