

# Regimen Reference Order – BRST - ribociclib + letrozole +/- goserelin

To order this therapy in ARIA, refer to Additional Information below

**Planned Course:** Until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity  
(1 cycle of ribociclib = 28 days)

**Indication for Use:** Breast Cancer Metastatic, Hormone Receptor Positive, HER2 negative

**CVAD:** Not Required

**Proceed with treatment if:**

**ribociclib**

- **ANC equal to or greater than  $1 \times 10^9/L$  AND Platelets equal to or greater than  $75 \times 10^9/L$**

**Aromatase Inhibitor and LHRH agonist**

- **Continued throughout therapy regardless of CBC. If ribociclib is held for toxicity, Aromatase Inhibitor and LHRH agonist are continued**
- ❖ **Contact Physician if parameters not met**

## SEQUENCE OF MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION

### Pre-treatment Requirements

Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
Not Applicable		

### Treatment Regimen – BRST – ribociclib + letrozole +/- goserelin

Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
ribociclib	600 mg	Orally once daily on <b>Days 1 to 21, then 7 days off</b> Take with or without food Swallow whole <b>(Self-administered at home)</b>
letrozole <b>OR</b> alternate Aromatase Inhibitor (see options on table on Page 3)	2.5 mg	Orally once daily throughout therapy Take with or without food <b>(Self-administered at home)</b>
goserelin* <b>OR</b> alternate LHRH agonist* (see options on table on Page 3)	3.6 mg	Subcutaneous once every 28 days <b>(goserelin or alternate LHRH agonist starts 28 days prior to the start of aromatase inhibitor then continues throughout therapy)</b>

\* LHRH agonists are only prescribed for pre- or peri-menopausal patients

**ribociclib (KISQALI®) available dosage strength: 200 mg tablet**  
**Classification: Cytotoxic, Hazardous**

In the event of an infusion-related hypersensitivity reaction, refer to the ‘Hypersensitivity Reaction Standing Order’

## REQUIRED MONITORING

### EKG monitoring (for ribociclib)

- Prior to initiation of treatment, then
- Cycle 1, Day 14, then
- Cycle 2, Day 1, then
- at regular intervals thereafter during steady-state treatment (at approximately Day 14 of the cycle) and whenever clinically indicated

### Cycles 1 and 2 (for ribociclib)

- CBC and biochemistry (including liver enzymes and total bilirubin) prior to Days 1 and 15 as per Physician Orders

### Cycles 3 to 6 (for ribociclib)

- CBC and biochemistry (including liver enzymes and total bilirubin) prior to Day 1 and as clinically indicated as per Physician Orders
- No blood work required on Day 15

### Cycle 7 and Onwards (for ribociclib)

- CBC prior to Day 1 at physician’s discretion
  - Each cycle (if ANC was less than  $1 \times 10^9/L$  during first 6 cycles) or
  - Every 3<sup>rd</sup> cycle (if ANC was  $1 \times 10^9/L$  or greater during first 6 cycles)
- Biochemistry (including liver enzymes and total bilirubin) periodically as clinically indicated as per Physician Orders

## Recommended Support Medications

Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
None required		

## DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

- ribociclib has potential for drug-drug interactions. Patients should notify clinic prior to starting any new medication
- ribociclib has potential for myelosuppression
- Avoid grapefruit and grapefruit juice, Seville oranges (i.e. orange marmalade), and starfruit with ribociclib
- Reinforce applicable safe handling precautions of medications, blood and body fluids while on ribociclib

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- QT prolongation has been associated with ribociclib; dose interruptions and/or reductions may be required for QT prolongation
- Breast DSG oncologists may prescribe ribociclib in combination with different aromatase inhibitors and LHRH agonists
- Pre- and peri-menopausal patients initiate LHRH agonist therapy at least 4 weeks before starting treatment with ribociclib and aromatase inhibitor
- Due to the various combinations used with ribociclib, this Regimen Reference Order provides only one example of possible combinations. The tables on page 3 outline different drugs/dosing schedules which may be prescribed
- ribociclib dose interruptions and/or reductions may be required for neutropenia; If ribociclib is held for toxicity reasons, aromatase inhibitor and LHRH agonist therapy continue while ribociclib is held

- **ARIA ordering:** Please note that ARIA regimens/protocols require each drug to be ordered separately
  - **BRST – [ribociclib]** regimen is available as a 28-day cycle under the “Breast” treatment tab in ARIA
  - Support protocols are available for **anastrozole**, **exemestane**, and **letrozole** (90-day supply) under **Hormonal Therapy** in the “Breast Cancer” folder
  - Support protocols are available for **goserelin** and **leuprolide** (either q 28 days OR q 12 weeks) under **LHRH Agonists** in the “Breast Cancer” folder
- ribociclib will be dispensed by CCMB Pharmacy

### Options for Aromatase Inhibitors

Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
anastrozole	1 mg	Orally once daily throughout therapy Take with or without food <b>(Self-administered at home)</b>
<b>OR</b>		
exemestane	25 mg	Orally once daily throughout therapy Take after a meal <b>(Self-administered at home)</b>
<b>OR</b>		
letrozole	2.5 mg	Orally once daily throughout therapy Take with or without food <b>(Self-administered at home)</b>
<p><b>anastrozole (ARIMIDEX®) available dosage strength: 1 mg tablet</b>  <b>Classification: Non-Cytotoxic, Hazardous</b></p> <p><b>exemestane (AROMASIN®) available dosage strength: 25 mg tablet</b>  <b>Classification: Non-Cytotoxic, Hazardous</b></p> <p><b>letrozole (FEMARA®) available dosage strength: 2.5 mg tablet</b>  <b>Classification: Non-Cytotoxic, Hazardous</b></p>		

### Options for LHRH Agonists

Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
goserelin	3.6 mg	Subcutaneous once every 28 days (4 weeks)
	<b>OR</b>	
	10.8 mg	Subcutaneous once every 84 days (12 weeks)
<b>OR</b>		
leuprolide	7.5 mg	Subcutaneous once every 28 days (4 weeks)
	<b>OR</b>	
	22.5 mg	Subcutaneous once every 84 days (12 weeks)
<p><b>goserelin (ZOLADEX®) available dosage strengths: 3.6 mg, 10.8 mg syringe</b>  <b>Classification: Non-Cytotoxic, Hazardous</b></p> <p><b>leuprolide (ELIGARD®) available dosage strengths: 7.5 mg, 22.5 mg syringe</b>  <b>Classification: Non-Cytotoxic, Hazardous</b></p>		