

## Regimen Reference Order – BRST – DOXOrubicin

ARIA: BRST – [DOXOrubicin (q 7 days)]

Planned Course: Every 21 days (Days 1, 8 and 15) for a total of 6 to 8 cycles

Indication for Use: Breast Cancer Metastatic

CVAD: Preferred (VESICANT INVOLVED)

### **Proceed with treatment if:**

**ANC equal to or greater than  $1.5 \times 10^9/L$  AND Platelets equal to or greater than  $90 \times 10^9/L$**

❖ Contact Physician if parameters not met

**Note: Hepatitis B serology results must be reviewed in accordance with CCMB Policy Hepatitis B Monitoring for Oncology and Hematology Patients**

## SEQUENCE OF MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION

### Pre-treatment Requirements

Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
Not Applicable		

### Treatment Regimen – BRST – DOXOrubicin

Establish primary solution 500 mL of: normal saline

Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
ondansetron	8 mg	Orally 30 minutes pre-chemotherapy on <b>Days 1, 8, 15</b>
dexamethasone	12 mg	Orally 30 minutes pre-chemotherapy on <b>Days 1, 8, 15</b>
DOXOrubicin	20 mg/m <sup>2</sup>	IV Push over 10 to 15 minutes on <b>Days 1, 8, 15</b>

In the event of an infusion-related hypersensitivity reaction, refer to the 'Hypersensitivity Reaction Standing Order'

## REQUIRED MONITORING

### Hepatitis B serology

- Hepatitis B surface antigen and Hepatitis B core antibody (drawn within preceding 5 years)

### Baseline

- Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction (LVEF) monitoring is recommended at baseline and as clinically indicated

### All Cycles

#### Day 1

- CBC, LFTs and total bilirubin as per Physician Orders

#### Days 8 and 15

- CBC as per Physician Orders

### Recommended Support Medications

Drug	Dose	CCMB Administration Guideline
metoclopramide	10 – 20 mg	Orally every 4 hours as needed for nausea and vomiting

### DISCHARGE INSTRUCTIONS

- Instruct patient to continue taking anti-emetic(s) at home
- Reinforce applicable safe handling precautions of medications, blood and body fluids for 48 hours after completion of chemotherapy

### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- Cumulative DOXOrubicin dose should be calculated and should not exceed 360 mg/m<sup>2</sup>. If exceeding 360 mg/m<sup>2</sup>, consideration to adding dexrazoxane should be given if patient is benefiting from DOXOrubicin therapy
- Due to the risk of reactivation of Hepatitis B virus (HBV) while on this treatment regimen, prescriber must adhere to CCMB Policy ***Hepatitis B Monitoring for Oncology and Hematology Patients*** for ordering and interpreting HBV serology and prescribing antiviral prophylaxis